UWY-X06-CV18-6046436-S : SUPERIOR COURT ERICA LAFFERTY, ET ALS., : COMPLEX LITIGATION : AT WATERBURY, CONNECTICUT V. : MARCH 30, 2022 ALEX EMRIC JONES, ET ALS. UWY-X06-CV18-6046437-S : SUPERIOR COURT : COMPLEX LITIGATION WILLIAM SHERLACH, ET AL., : AT WATERBURY, CONNECTICUT : MARCH 30, 2022 ALEX EMRIC JONES, ET ALS. UWY-X06-CV18-6046438-S : SUPERIOR COURT : COMPLEX LITIGATION WILLIAM SHERLACH, ET AL., AT WATERBURY, CONNECTICUT v. : MARCH 30, 2022 ALEX EMRIC JONES, ET ALS.

EXCERPT - THE COURT'S RULING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE BARBARA N. BELLIS, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

Representing the Plaintiffs:
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ATTORNEY MATTHEW BLUMENTHAL
ATTORNEY ALINOR STERLING
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Representing the Defendants, Alex Emric Jones; Infowars, LLC; Free Speech Systems, LLC; Infowars Health, LLC; Prison Planet TV, LLC:

ATTORNEY CAMERON ATKINSON Pattis & Smith, LLC 383 Orange Street, #1 New Haven, CT 06511

Representing the Defendants, Genesis Communications Network, Inc.:

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(The following is an excerpt of the proceedings:)

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. So I'm going to order a transcript of the following remarks and when it is prepared, I will sign it and place it in the file.

So with respect to depositions in general, under our rules of practice, particularly Practice Book

Section 13-29 Subsection (c) Subsection (2), the plaintiffs were not required to subpoena Mr. Jones.

The plaintiffs properly issued a notice of deposition on Mr. Jones, a defendant, which notice compelled him to appear for a deposition in the county he resides or within 30 miles of his residence and that was done properly.

On Tuesday, March 22nd, the Court, after argument on the record, denied the Jones defendants' motion for protective order that had been filed earlier that day and that had asked the Court to postpone Mr. Jones' depositions which were scheduled to take place on Wednesday the 23rd and Thursday the 24th. The Jones defendants were given an immediate opportunity to argue their motion the same day it was filed and both the evidence that was submitted and the argument that was made indicated that Mr. Jones was remaining at home under his doctor's supervision when, in fact, he was working at his studios and

broadcasting his show.

Additionally, the Court painstakingly explained on the record that its in-camera review evaluating the doctor's note submitted by the Jones defendants revealed that the note fell far short. Despite that ruling, Mr. Jones did not appear for his deposition on Wednesday, March 23rd.

In denying the Jones defendants' motion, the Court clearly stated that while the logistics of the depositions were left to the parties, the parties could consider having Mr. Jones' physician on the premises during the deposition.

On Wednesday, March 23rd, following the filing of the plaintiffs' motion for order, which was filed that day, and the Jones defendants' objection, which was also filed that day, the Court, again on the record after a hearing from counsel, ordered Mr. Jones to appear for his deposition on Thursday, March 24th.

Despite these rulings from the Court, Mr. Jones did not appear for his deposition on Wednesday, March 23rd and he did not appear for his deposition on Thursday, March 24th. Immediately following the . hearing on the record on March 23rd, the Court also ordered Mr. Jones, in writing, to appear for his March 24th deposition stating, "The defendant, Alex Jones, is ordered to produce himself tomorrow for his

duly noticed deposition as he has not submitted additional evidence for the Court to evaluate on the issue of his alleged medical conditions."

Additionally, after the parties filed briefs relating to the plaintiffs' request for a capias, the Court issued a second written order on March 23rd declining to issue a capias at that time, indicating that Mr. Jones would be in contempt of the Court's order should he not appear for his deposition on March 24th and setting a briefing schedule with respect to the other sanctions requested by the plaintiff.

Furthermore, after an additional motion for protective order was filed by the Jones defendants at the end of the day on Wednesday, March 23rd, the Court, after evaluating the motions and affidavits, denied the motion in writing and made clear that the Court-ordered deposition was to proceed the next day, although he would be excused from the deposition if he was hospitalized. No such evidence of hospitalization or, in fact, any other evidence has been submitted to the Court, although the motions that have been filed are replete with references to Mr. Jones either broadcasting live from his studio, recording shows, or calling into shows during the time period in question.

So while the parties and counsel abided by the

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Court-ordered deadlines with respect to the filing of their briefs, Mr. Jones, as I said, did not appear for his deposition on Thursday, March 24th.

So this hearing today is dealing with the plaintiffs' motions relating to Mr. Jones' failure to appear for his depositions on March 23rd and March 24th despite all these Court orders and Jones defendants' objections thereto.

Now, I have to note, at this point we're maybe 16 or 17 weeks away from jury selection and Mr. Jones has not even been deposed. So we're four years into this case and the Court has repeatedly entered new deadlines for witness depositions and the newest deadline, as far as I know, is April 8th in this long series of modifying scheduling orders for depositions.

I have to say that due to these repeated extensions, the several prior trial dates, as well as the age of the case, the existing trial date, which is jury selection on August 2nd and evidence on September 1st, is a firm trial date and parties and counsel should plan accordingly.

The Court's authority here is rooted not only in Practice Book Section 13-14, but the Court also has inherent sanctioning power. With respect to the issue of contempt, the Court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant, Alex Jones,

willfully and in bad faith violated without justification several clear Court orders requiring his attendance at his depositions on March 23rd and March 24th. That is, the Court finds that Mr. Jones intentionally failed to comply with the orders of the Court and that there was no adequate factual basis to explain his failures to obey the orders of the Court.

Now, while the Court has adjudicated Mr. Jones in contempt, Mr. Jones himself has the ability to purge the contempt and Mr. Jones is on notice that he has the ability to purge the contempt and the Court has the power to reduce the fines that it is going to impose once the contempt has been purged as follows: The contempt will be purged when Mr. Jones completes two full days of depositions at the office of plaintiffs' counsel in Bridgeport. Mr. Jones is to pay conditional fines of \$25,000 each weekday beginning on Friday, April 1st, increasing by \$25,000 per weekday payable to the Clerk of the Court in Waterbury and it will be suspended on each day that Mr. Jones successfully completes a full day's deposition where Mr. Jones has given all counsel a minimum of 24 hours' notice of his availability to . sit for that particular deposition.

So for example, if Mr. Jones' counsel this afternoon informs counsel that Mr. Jones will sit for his deposition on Friday -- that's sufficient notice

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to the parties, that's 24 hours -- and if he successfully appears and sits for his deposition on Friday, there will be no fine.

Another example: If Mr. Jones' counsel this afternoon informs counsel that Mr. Jones will sit for his deposition on Tuesday, April 5th and he does so successfully, the fine will be \$25,000 for this Friday, April 1st. There will be no fine on Saturday or Sunday and there will be a \$50,000 fine on Monday for a total fine of \$75,000 to that point and so on.

The last day for the fines will be April 15th and that then gives Mr. Jones an opportunity to purge the contempt by producing himself for two full days of deposition by April 15th. The Court recognizes that this fine, while a conditional fine, is also coercive, but finds that it is reasonable and necessary in this matter and again points out that Mr. Jones himself has the opportunity to complete his deposition and then request reimbursement of the fines that the Court has imposed.

The Court declines to issue a capias, although it recognizes that the plaintiffs may pursue that with the Texas Courts if they so desire.

The Court also finds that the plaintiffs are entitled to fees and costs in connection with the cancelled depositions that was requested in earlier motions and the details of which were provided in the

earlier, for that reason, the Court will address the amount of the fees and costs that will be awarded at the next hearing giving the Jones defendants adequate time to respond.

It is clear, however, that the plaintiffs here simply want and are entitled to the deposition of Mr. Jones and that Mr. Jones has continued to attempt to deliberately disregard the Court's orders and attempts to manipulate the Court process. While paying the fees and costs will reimburse the plaintiffs for the costs incurred in attempting to procure Mr. Jones' deposition, it is not a substitute for his testimony. As such, should Mr. Jones not complete his two full days of depositions by April 15, the Court finds that the preclusion of evidence, that is, preventing Mr. Jones from offering evidence which would include calling witnesses, crossexamining witnesses, and the like, and adverse inferences, that is, the establishment of certain facts adverse to the Jones defendants, would be an order as a remedy for non-compliance, the extent of which is a very significant issue and would require extensive briefing and argument from counsel.

That is not something, hopefully, that will have to be addressed because Mr. Jones has the ability by April 15th to purge himself of the contempt and avoid

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any issue, preclusion, or adverse inferences. So if and when that becomes an issue, if he has not submitted to his two full days of deposition by April 15th, then the Court will set up a briefing schedule to address issue preclusion and adverse inferences. So really, it will be up to Mr. Jones. (The matter continued.) Barbara N. Bellis, Judge 14.

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CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcription of the audio recording of the above-referenced case, heard in Superior Court, Judicial District of Waterbury at Waterbury, Connecticut, before the Honorable Barbara N. Bellis, Judge, on the 30th day of March, 2022.

Dated this 30th day of March, 2022 in Waterbury, Connecticut.

Jocelyne Greguoli

Court Recording Monitor